Lewis Herndon and Lardner Gibbon, officers of the United States navy, who were engaged upon the exploration of the Amazon, the same pay as has been allowed to the superintendent of the naval astronomical expedition in Chili, by the act making appropriations for the naval service, approved March third, eighteen hundred and fiftyone, during the period of their service as aforesaid, which period shall be reckoned from the date on which each ofneer left the United States until the final return of the

exploring party.

For pay of superintendents, naval constructors, and all the civil establishments at the several navy yards and stations, one hundred and eight thousand six hundred and fifty dollars. And the first and second clerks to the com-mandants of the principal navy yards, viz. Boston, New York, Washington, Norfolk, and Pensacola, shall receive the same pay that the two lowest classes of clerks in the bureaus of the Navy Department now received respectively; and each cierk of the vard in said navy yard shall receive the same compensation as is herein provided for the first clerks to commandants.

For provisions for commission, warrant, and petty of-

ficers and seamen, including engineers and marines at-tached to vessels for sea service, six hundred and eighty-

six thousand two hundred dollars.

For the completion of a scientific investigation and experiments upon the character of alimentary substances used as subsistence in the navy, and means to prevent their deterioration, five theusand dollars, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy.

For surgeons' necessaries and appliances for the sick and hurt of the navy, including the marine corps, thirty-seven

thousand three hundred dollars.

For repair of vessels in ordinary, and for wear and tear

of vessels in a munission, including fuel and purchase of hemp, one million nine hundred and forty-one thousand four hundred and fifty dollars. For ordnance and ordnance stores and small arms, in

cluding incidental expenses, two hundred thousand dollars.

For preparing for publication the American Nautical Almanae, nineteen thousand four hundred dollars.
For purchase of nautical instruments required for the use of the navy, for repairs of the same, and also of as

tronomical instruments, eleven thousand dollars.

For the purchase of nautical books, maps, and charts, and for backing and binding the same, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For printing and publishing sailing directions, hydro-graphical surveys, and astronomical observations, five

For models, drawing and copying, postage, stationery,

freight, and transportation: for pay of lithographer and for working lithographic press, including chemicals; for keeping grounds and buildings in order; for fuel and lights; for repairs of buildings, and for all other contin-gent expenses of the Hydrographical Office and United States Observatory, seven thousand two hundred and forty dollars. For continuing the publication of the wind and current

charts, and for defraying all the expenses connected there with, ten thousand dollars. For pipes for carrying gas to and fixtures for lighting

with it the National Observatory, twenty-five hundred For the wages of persons employed at the Observatory

and Hydrographical Office, viz. one lithographer, one in-strument maker, two watchmen, and one porter, three thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For contingent expenses that may accrue for the following purposes, viz: freight and mansportation, printing and stationery, advertising is newspapers, books, maps, models, and drawing, purchase and repair of fire engines and machinery, repairs of and attending to steam engines in navy yards, purchase and maintenance of horses and oxen, and driving teams, carts, timber wheels and the purchase and repair of workmen's tools; postage of public letters, furniture for Government houses, fuel, oil, and candles for navy yards and shore stations, pay of watchmen and incidental labor not chargeable to any other appropriation, labor attending the delivery of stores on civil stations, wharinge, dockage, and rent, travelling expenses of officers and others under orders, funeral expenses, store and office rent, stationery, fuel, commissions and pay of clerks to payy agents and storekeeners, flags, awnings, and packing boxes, premiums and other expenses attending courts-martial and courts of inquiry and other services authorized by lat, pay to judges advocate, pilotage and towage of vessels and assistance to vessels in distress, bills of health and quarantine expenses of the United States navy in foreign ports, five hundred and twenty-seven thousand eight hundred and forty dollars. For improvement and repair of buildings and grounds

and support of the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, forty-six thousand and fifty-hine dollars. roads and wharf, building and furnishing hospital, and changing the fronts of houses, at the Naval Academy at Annapolis, Maryland, thirty-eight thousand dollars.

For meteorological observations, to be conducted under the directions of the Secretary of the Navy, two thousand dollars. And the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized to settle all existing controversies as to the title to any portions of Salt marsh, near the lands of the Naval Hospital in Chelsea, in the county of Suffolk and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and to sell and convey the right, title, and interest of the United States in so much of said marsh as he may deem expedient, upon the terms and conditions recommended in a report from the Bureau of Navy Yards and Docks upon the subject, dated January seventeen, eighteen hundred and fifty

For construction, extension, and completion of the following objects, and for contingent expenses at the several

Portsmouth, New Hampshire For coopers' shop and watchman's quarters, dredging in front, and painting and puddling stone basin, boiler room, boilers, engine and machinery, reservoir for engine house, pipes, gutters, drains, and cisterns, grading yard er shed, and for repairs of all kinds, including care of floating-deck, fifty-three thousand one hundred

Boston, Massachusetts.

For rebuilding smithery, cooperage, and packing-house, coal-house for ropewalk, engines, stone wall west of tim-ber dock, re-building battery, grading and paving timber shed number thirty-one, and for repairs of all kinds, eightyone thousand four hundred and sixty dollars. New York, New York.

For completing commander's house, smithery, timber shed; lime, pitch, and coal-house; continuing quay-wall, muster office, cob wharf; dredging channel and piers; completing engine-house, culvert, and removing piles in front of dock; filling in timber pond and low places; paving gutters and flagging, and for repairs of all kinds, two hundred and forty-nine thousand three hundred and twenhundred and forly-mine thousand three the appropriation shall be expended until the State of New York shall cede the jurisdiction over the navy yard to the United States, and until the title to said land is settled, excepting so much of the appropriation as may be needed for completing engine-house, and for repairs of all kinds.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania. For extending wharf number four, and dredging, com pleting, paving, and for repairs of all kinds, including floating dock, twenty-three thousand nine hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Washington, District of Columbia.
For filling in timber dock, (completion of,) extending boiler-shop; converting old ordnance-shop into machineshop: steam-engine and other machinery for ordnance works, ordnance foundry, for casting brass guns, railway from anchor and boiler shop to wharves, quay wall south front of yard, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred

and sixty-two thousand five hundred and twelvedollars. Norfolk, Virginia. For extending quay wharves, completing timber dock, machinery for engine, machine and armorers' shops, dredg-ing, filling in low grounds, grading, completing magazine and keeper's house, Fort Norfolk, hauling up slips and

mud scows, and for repairs of all kinds, one hundred and fourteen thousand six hundred dollars. Pensacola, Florida.

For permanent wharf, paint shops, and cooperage, construction of deep basin and dredging, rebuilding of central wharf and wharves J and C, smoke stack, and extending machine shops, mooring anchors, cables, and fixtures for mooring and operating floating dock, and for repairs of , two hundred and twenty-five thousand eight hundred dollars.

Memphis, Tennessee. For completing hemp house, completing blacksmith shop and office building, cisterns for ropewalk, culvert from ropewalk to river, and for repairs of all kinds, forty-

three thousand nine hundred and seventy-six dollars. For completion of railing for vertical wall, eight hun-

For the purchase of iron ralling for the rope-laying machinery of the ropewalk, four thousand dollars.

San Francisco, California For blacksmith shop, carpenters' shop, store house, and wharf, one hundred thousand dollars: Provided, That before this sum shall be expended, the Attorney General of the United States shall decide that the United States have good title to the land upon which the buildings are to be

and that this provision allowing extra pay, as well as that contained in the navy appropriation act of August thirty-first, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, shall extend to and include all naval storekeepers who were stationed on the Pacific coast; and the additional compensation auctof authority for that purpose, given by the act of hundred and fifty-two, be and the same is hereby repealed. suance of authority for that purpose, given by the act of September the twenty-eighth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty, entitled "An act making appropriations for the naval service for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one," and as stated in the letter of the said late Secretary, addressed to the Honorable Howell Cobb, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and dated the twenty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-one, to-ward the execution of which one hundred and fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated: Provided, That in the judgment of the Secretary such basin and railway are necessary and will be useful to the public service.

· FOR HOSPITALS. At Boston. For repairs of all kinds, six hundred dollars.

At New York. For repairs of all kinds, three hundred dollars.

At Philadelphia Naval Asylum. For tinning roof of asylum, laying water pipes, furnaces grates and ranges, pavements and gutters, five thousand For repairs of all kinds, one thousand dollars.

At Norfolk. For wall to enclose a grave yard, including excavation, six thousand one hundred and sixty-eight dollars and inety-three cents. For the purchase of land, to be used as a road commu

nicating with the navy hospital grounds at Norfolk, Vir-ginia, twenty-five hundred dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, two thousand five hundred At Pensacola.

For wall around hospital grounds, twenty-two thou sand five hundred dollars.

For draining and filling ponds, two thousand six hun dred and fifty dollars.

For repairs of all kinds, eleven thousand one hundred

and seventy-five dollars. FOR MAGAZINES.

At Boston, Massachusetts.
For beds to stow shot, for arrangements for bouching, filling, and unloading shells, and for repairs of all kinds two thousand eight hundred dollars. At New York.

For fitting store-rooms, workshops, and machinery for ordnance purposes, for gun-skids, gravelling ordnance grounds, and for repairs of all kinds, four thousand two hundred and eighty-five dollars.

At Washington.
For foundations for stowing shot and protection of shells, for powder magazine, new floor, and for repairs of all kinds, four thousand seven hundred dollars. At Norfolk. For foundations of guns and shells, for machinery, for

bouching shells, and preparing, filling, and tank-houses, and for repairs of all kinds, four thousand five hundred For preparing platform for saluting battery, and for re-

pairs of all kinds, nine hundred and fifty dollars. · MARINE CORPS. For pay of officers, non-commissioned officers, privates

musicians, clerks, messengers, stewards, and servants serving on shore, for rations and clothing for servants, subsistence for officers, and pay for undrawn clothing and rations, bounties for re-calistment and pay for unexpired terms of previous service, two hundred and twentythree thousand five hundred and thirty dollars and forty

For provisions for marines serving on shore, twentynine thousand nine hundred and eighty-four dollars and seventy-five cents.

For clothing, fifty-two thousand and sixty-four dollars.

For fuel, fourteen thousand one hundred and ninety-four dollars and fifty cents. For military stores, repair of arms, pay of armorers. accourrements, ordnance stores, flags, drums, fifes, and musical instruments, eight thousand dollars.

For transportation of officers and troops, and expenses f recruiting, twelve thousand dollars.
For repairs of barracks and rent of temporary barracks

and offices, where there are no public buildings for that purpose, six thousand dollars.
For contingencies, viz. freight, tounage, toll. cartage. wharfage, compensation to judges advocate, per diem for attending courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and for con stant labor, house-rent in lieu of quarters, burial of deceased marines, printing, stationery, postage, apprehen-

sion of deserters, oil, candles, forage, straw, furniture, bed sacks, spades, axes, picks, shovels, carpenter's tools, keep of a horse for the messenger, pay of matron, washer-woman, and porter at the hospital headquarters, twentyfive thousand dollars.

For the purpose of paying the lien existing on the lands recently purchased as an addition to the Navy Yard at

Brooklyn, twelve thousand two hundred and forty-seven for a light-house at Gradollars and five cents, to be paid by the Secretary of the Navy, if upon examination he shall find the same to be due as a lien on the purchase of the said land, and the Secretary of the Navy is hereby empowered and directed to sell and convey to any purchaser all that part of the navy yard lands at Brooklyn between the west side of Vanderbuilt avenue and the hospital grounds, containing about twenty-six and a half acres, including Vanderbuilt and Clinton avenues: Provided, That said lands shall not sold at less price than they cost the Government, including interest with all assessments and charges: And provided further, That, prior to the sale of said lands, exclusive jurisdiction shall be ceded to the United States of all the remaining lands connected with the said navy yard, belonging to the United States: Provided, That the sale be made at public auction, after thirty days' notice in at least three daily newspapers published in the cities of New York and Brooklyn.

That the sum of one thousand one hundred and sixty-

four dollars and ten cents, being part of the appropriation made for the service of continuing the survey of the coast of the Gulf of Mexico, from Apalachicola Bay to the Mississippi river, by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and which has been carried to the credit of the surplus fund, be and is hereby reappropriated to pay for the services of the officer or officers employed in that survey.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the proper ac counting officers of the treasury be and they are hereby directed to credit the medical officers of the navy, who, by order of the department, served with a detache marines in Mexico during the late war with that Republie, in addition to the pay to which they are entitled as medical officers of the navy, respectively, the same allow-ance for rations and forage, in proportion to the time they so served, as are allowed to officers of the army of similar

Approved, March 3, 1853.

[PUBLIC-No. 38.] AN ACT making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated for the service of the Post Office Department, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eigh hundred and fifty-four, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of the said department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, and for other purposes, viz : For transportation of the mails, five million and twenty-

nine thousand dollars. For compensation to postmasters, two million and

twenty-six thousand dollars For ship, steamboat, and way letters, thirty thousand ollars. For wrapping-paper, fifty-two thousand dollars,

e furniture, in the offices of postmasters, eight housand dollars. For advertising, seventy-six thousand five hundred

For mail-bags, fifty-one thousand dollars. For blanks, fifty-five thousand dollars.

For mail-locks, keys, and stamps, twenty thousand For mail depredations, and special agents, fifty thou-

For cierks in the offices of postmasters, five hundred and fifty-six thousand dollars. For miscellaneous items, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

For postage stamps and stamped envelopes, fifty-five thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That there be and is

hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, a sum not exceeding one mil on eight hundred thousand dollars, to supply any deficiency that may arise in the revenues of the Post Office Department, to meet the foregoing appropriations, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That in all cases where the Postmaster General shall be satisfied that either mo-ney or property, stolen from the United States mail, shall have been exchanged for other money or property, and has been, upon the conviction of the thiel, received at his Department, he shall have authority, upon satisfactory evidence that the same justly belonged to any individual, firm, or corporation, to pay over and deliver such mone

or property to the owner thereof.
Sec. 4. And be it further enacted. That section three of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster General is hereby authorized to make such arrangement as he may deem advisable, by causing letters sent to Ca-lifornia and Oregon to be advertised free of expense to to the United States, and by the issuing of circulars to postmasters, and causing the same to be published, to enure as far as possible the delivery of letters sent by mail from the Atlantic States to California, to the individuals to whom they are directed.
Approved, March 8, 1858.

AN ACT making appropriation for light-houses, light-boats, buoys, &c., and providing for the erection and establishment of the same, and for other purposes.

establishment of the same, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the following appropriations be and the same are hereby made and directed to be paid, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to carry the provisions of this act into effect: Provided, however, if a good title to any land, which it may be necessary to use, cannot be obtained on reasonable terms, or the exclusive right to such land cannot be acquired by cession, when the interest of de and seasury not otherwise etary of the Treasury to earry act into effect: Provided, however, if a good cannot be acquired by cession, when the interest of the United States demands it, before the appropriation would by law fall into the surplus fund, in any and all such oases the appropriations shall be applicable to the objects for which they are made, at any time within two years after the first meeting of the Legislature in any State wherein such land may be situated, subsequent to the passage of this act, to wit:

MAINE.

hundred dollars.

For a beacon on "Deep-Hole rock," in Vineyard sound, six hundred dollars.

For the erection of a lighthouse and keeper's house on or near the breakwater at Bass rive, being a reappropri-ation of the same sum appropriated by the act of Sep-tember twenty-eight, eighteen hindred and fifty, four hundred dollars.

Towards the erection of a lighbouse on the rocks call-

ed the "Sow and Pigs," near the entrance of Buzzard's bay, to take the place of the libt-vessel now stationed there, being a reappropriation of the same sum appropriated by the act of September venty-eight, eighteen hundred and fifty, thirty thousand dollars.

For a light-vessel to be mored off Minot's Ledge, in

addition to the sum appropriated at the last session of Congress, six thousand dollars. RHODE SLAND.

For buoys to be placed a the following points: "Old Newton," "the Sisters," "Brig Ledge," (Narragansett bay,) "Sandy Point," (Rock Island,) and "Taursett Point," (near Wickford,) 'ye hundred dollars. For erecting a beacon-light at "Lime Rock," Newport harbor, one thousand dollrs. CONJECTICUT.

CONJECTICUT.

For budys in New Haven harbor, two hundred dollars.

For a budy on Penfieldreef, one hundred and fifty dol-

For beacon on Race Rock, Long Island Sound, seven thousand dollars.

For the erection of one or more beacon-lights below Middletown, on the Connecticut river, and for the erection of buoys and spindles, three thousand dollars. For the erection of a fog-bell or whistle, as the lighthouse board shall determine, or Pine Island, in Fisher's

Sound, one thousand dollars. NEW YOLK. For a small light on or near (arlton Head, and for repairing or rebuilding Tibbet's Pant light house, five thousand dollars.

For a fog-bell or whistle, to be worked by machinery,

to be placed on the south piernear the light-house at Buffalo, two thousand dollars.

For a new light-vessel to take the place of that now moored off Sandy Hook, in addition to the sum appro-priated at the last session of Congress, two thousand

NEW JERSEY. For buoys to be placed on Absecum bar and in the inet, (a harbor of refuge,) eight hundred dollars. DELAWALE.

For beacons and buoys for Ddaware Bay, to complete the necessary beaconage and buyage in the lower part of the river and bay, five thousand dollars. MICHIGAN.

For a light-house on Point Betsey, Lake Michigan, five thousand dollars.

For a light-house at Grand Island harbor, Luke Supethousand dollars.

For transportation of the mails across the Isthmus of
For transportation of the mails across the Isthmus of For a light-house at Rock Harbor, Isle Royal, Lake

Superior, five thousand dollars.

For a fog-bell, to be worked by machinery, for Thunder bay island light-house, Lake Huron, two thousand five hundred dollars. For creeting a light-house at the mouth of Portage river, five thousand dollars.

For the erection of a light house at Point Troquois, or

on the Island off Point Aux-cheus, as the Lighthouse Board shall determine, five thousand dollars. For making the foundations of two lighthouses, one to be a beacon light, on the Saint Clair Flats, ten thousand dollars; the places to be selected and the work executed under the direction of the Topographical bureau.

OHIO For a beacon of solid masonry, to be placed on a reef lying in the track of vessels at the west end of Lake Erie, near the south shore, off Bois Blance and near Touissant river, three thousand dollars.

VIRGINIA For a first-class buoy to be placed on the "Upper Mid-dle" in Chesapeake bay, and buoys for "Sand Shoal" and "Hog Island inlet," Atlantic coast, eight hundred dollars.
For buoys to be placed in the Potomac river as follows:
lower end "Jones Point," Occoquon flats," off "Marbow's
Creek," lower part of "Wade's Bay," off "Jenifer's
Quarter," "Matthias Point," and "Dent's Shoal," five hundred and sixty dollars.
For a small light at "Stingery Point," Rappahannock,

we hundred and fifty dollars. For a beacon at Naylor's Hole, Rappahannock, one hundred and fifty dollars. For twelve buoys for Rappahanneck river, six hundred

SOUTH CAROLINA. For six large iron buoys for Charleston bar and channels, three thousand dollars.

For a large bell buoy for the entrance over Charleston bar, five thousand dollars. For a buoy to be placed on Middle Ground Shoal, Charleston harbor, five hundred dollars.

For light vessel to be placed on Rattlesnake Shoal,

twenty thousand dollars. For rebuilding beacon on Morris island, Charleston harbor, three thousand dollars.

For changing the present light-house at Cape Roman into a first-class sea-coast light, by elevating, improving, and refitting the same with the most approved illuminat-

ing apparatus, twenty thousand dollars. FLORIDA. For an iron pile light-house; to take the place of the light-vessel stationed near Key West, twelve thousand dollars.

For making permanent the signals placed by the coast survey along the Florida reef, ten thousand dollars.

For the erection of a first class light-house, and fitting the same with a first order illuminating apparatus, near Jupiter inlet, thirty-five thousand dollars ALABAMA.

For a beacon to mark a shoal in Mobile bay channel, caused by a wreck, five hundred dollars. LOUISIANA. For largest class iron buoys, to mark the approaches to the principal passes at the mouth of Mississippi river,

Towards the erection of a first class light-house, as substitute for the light-vessel at "Ship Shoal," to be located at Ship Shoal or Raccoon Point, as may be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, after the survey of that locality authorized by the act of thirty-first August, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, shall be completed,

TEXAS. For third class iron buoys, to be placed at Brazos Santiago Bar, mouth of Grand River Bar, and the entrance to Matagorda bay, two thousand dollars. For a first class light-house at the mouth of the Sabine river, thirty thousand dollars.

twenty thousand dollars.

Francisco, eight hundred dollars.

CALIFORNIA. For a buoy to mark Commission Ledge, in Mare island straits, five hundred dollars. For a buoy to mark Middle Ground, in Suisun bay, five hundred dollars.
For largest class buoy to mark entrance to bar at San

For buoys to mark the channel of the Sacramento river. we thousand dollars. For buoys for Humboldt harbor, five hundred dollars. For buoys for Umpqua, five hundred dollars, For a second class light-house at Point Boneta, San Francisco bay, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the erection of a light-house in San Pedro bay, ten thousand dollars.

OREGON.

For additional buoys at Columbia river, one thousand five hundred dollars.

To test the adaptation of Jabez Stone's patent buoy as

guide to river and other narrow channels, two hundred and fifty dollars. To enable the Lighthouse Board to procure the

machinery and test practically the plan for distinguishing lights by occultations, submitted by Charles Babbage, Esq., and which was communicated to Congress at its last session, five thousand dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, appropriated by the first section of the act of eighteen hundred and fifty-two, chapter one hundred and between the process of a harder. ter one hundred and twelve, to the erection of a harbo light on a point of land lying west of the entrance to Buck's harbor, in Brooksville, may be applied to the erection of a harbor light on the northern extremity of Pump kin island, in conformity to the recommendation of the

coast survey.
Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the location of the two beacon lights authorized by the act of eighteen hundred and fifty-one, to be placed near Fort Hamilton, be changed to the other end of the range line of the main

changed to the other end of the range line of the main channel, on the New Jersey shore. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary of the Treasury is hereby authorized to select, instead of the outer "Minot Ledge," any more suitable site amongst the Cohasset rocks, at the entrance of Boston harbor, on

hundred and fifty-two, section one, chapter one hundred and twelve, for a lighthouse on the Nabble, Cape Neddick, York, to the erection of a lighthouse at the entrance of York harbor, if that location will best subserve the

interests of commerce.
Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the Secretary the Treasury be directed, if in his opinion the safety of commerce demanded a light at Minot's Ledge, at the entrance of Boston harbor, to replace that which was de-stroyed, to examine into the claims of R. B. Forbes and others, who kept a light-boat there at their private expense; and if he is of opinion that their doings were es sential to the safety of navigation, to allow them such a sum as under the circumstances he deems reasonable, and to pay the same out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated. [Approved, March 3, 1853.

Public-No. 40. AN ACT making appropriations for the transportation of the United States mail by ocean steamers and otherwise, during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of

June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty four.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled. That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four:

For transportation of the mails from N. York to Liverpool and back, eight hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars. For transportation of the mails from New York to New Orleans, Charleston, Savannah, Havana, and Chagres and back, two hundred and ninety thousand dollars. For transportation of the mails from Panama to Cali-fornia and Oregon and back, three hundred and forty-

eight thousand two hundred and fifty dollars. For carrying out the contract entered into by the Post Office Department under the law passed at the last session of Congress, establishing a tri-monthly mail by steam vessels between New Orleans and Vera Cruz, via Tampico,

seventy thousand dollars. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated for the service of the Post Office Department, for the year ending the thirtieth of June, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four, out of any moneys in the treasury arising from the revenues of said Department, in conformity to the act of the second of July, one thousand eight hundred and

thirty-six.

For transportation of the mails in two steamships from New York, by Southampton, to Bremen and back, at one hundred thousand dollars for each ship; and in two steamships from New York, by Cowes, to Havre and back, at seventy-five thousand dollars for each ship, under the contract with the Ocean Steam Navigation Company of

New York, three hundred and fifty thousand dollars. For transportation of the mails between Charleston and Havana, under the contract with M. C. Mordecai, fifty

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Postmaster General shall cause the facts to be investigated in relation to the contract of A. G. Sloo, for the transportation of the mail in ocean steamers from New York to New Orleans, Charleston, Savannah, Havana, and Chagres and back per act of March third, eighteen hundred and forty-seven, for the purpose of ascertaining how far the contract cor-responds with the original bids, and shall report to Congress at the next session the facts and circumstances connected with the said contract; and also for what amount the said mail service could be performed if a new contract should be made, and whether the ships furnished under said contract are built according to its terms. The Postmaster General is further directed by this act to as certain and report to Congress at its next session fo what amounts the service now performed under the several contracts with the Navy and Post Office Department for carrying the mail in ocean steamers can be hereafter performed, upon the supposition that the United States shall take the steamers according to contract and sell of

transfer them. Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That upon the appli cation of either of the companies contracting to carry the mail in ocean steamers from New York to Havre, or from New York to Bremen, the Postmaster General is hereby authorized to discharge such company from said contract: Provided, That no further compensation shall be paid to either of said companies after such discharge from its [Approved, March 3, 1853.

[PUBLIC-No. 41.] AN ACT making appropriations for the current and con-tingent expenses of the Indian department, and for ful-filling treaty stipulations with various Indian tribes, for the year ending June thirtieth, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-four. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives

the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and they are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropri ated, for the purpose of paying the current and contin-gent expenses of the Indian department, and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes. For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian

department, viz:

For the pay of superintendents of Indian affairs, per acts of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, twentyeventh February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, and third March, eighteen fundred and fifty-two, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For the pay of the several Indian agents, per acts of fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty, twenty-eighth Sep-

tember, eighteen hundred and fifty, and twenty-seventh February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, forty-three housand seven hundred and fifty dollars. For the pay of interpreters, per acts of the thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and twenty-

seventh February, eighteen hundred and fifty-one, twenty eight thousand dollars. For the pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, Missouri, per act of twenty-seventh June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand two hundred dollars. For the pay of clerk to superintendent at Van Buren,

Arkansas, per act of twenty-seventh of June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, one thousand dollars.

For the pay of clerk to superintendent in California, per act of third March, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For office rent, fuel, lights, and stationery for the suerintendent of Indian affairs in Oregon, two thousand

four hundred dollars. For traveling expenses of superintendent of Indian affairs in Oregon, and agents therein, two thousand dollars.

For general incidental expenses of the Indian service in the State of California, thirty thousand dollars. For general incidental expenses of the Indian service in the Territory of New Mexico, ten thousand dollars.

For general incidental expenses of the Indian service the Territory of Utah, ten thousand dollars. For expenses already incurred, and that may hereafter necessary, for vaccination of Indians, five thousand dollars. For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars

For provisions for Indians, eleven thousand eight hur

For repairs of buildings at agencies, two thousand dollars. For contingencies of the Indian department, thirty-six ousand five hund red dollars. For deficiencies, in the fund for the contingencies of the ndian department, fifteen thousand dollars.

TO THE CHRISTIAN INDIANS. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the acts of May twenty-sixth, eighteen hundred and twenty-four, and

of the treaty of third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, one thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for the support of black-smiths, and for farming utensils and cattle, and for the employment of persons to aid them in agriculture, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth ted in the eighth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and the seventh article of the treaty of fourteenth of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the fifth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, one thousand

CHIPPEWAS, MENOMONIES, WINNEBAGOES, AND NEW YORK INDIANS. For education, during the pleasure of Congress, stipuated in the fifth article of the treaty of the eleventh of

August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars. CHOCTAWS. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of sixteenth of November, eighteen hundred and five, three thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of the eighteenth of October, eighteen hundred and twenty, six hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity for education, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of twentieth of January,

eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith, stipulated in
the sixth article of the treaty of eighteenth of October, eighteen hundred and twenty, and the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, six hundred dollars.

For iron and steel, &c. for shop, stipulated in the ninth article of the treaty of twentieth of January, eighteen

hundred and twenty-five, three hundred and twenty dollars. That the authority of the Secretary of the Interior to examine the claims of Choctaws to reservations of land under the treaty of eighteen hundred and thirty shall extend to all cases recommended by either of the Boards of Commissioners appointed to examine said claims, and his awards in scrip shall be received by them in full satisfaction of all their claims against the Government arising under said treaty, and the scrip thus awarded shall be received as other warrants in payment for any public leads subject to sale at private entry. for any public lands subject to sale at private entry. CHICKASAWS.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the act of the twenty-fifth of February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

CHIPPEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR AND THE MIS-SISSIPPI. For seventeenth of twenty instalments in money, stipu-

lated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine thousand five hundred dollars.

For seventeenth of twenty instalments in goods, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-

ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, nine teen thousand dollars. For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the establishment of three smiths' shops, supporting three smiths, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, three thousand dollars.

For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the support of farmers, purchase of implements, grain or seed, and to carry on their agricultural pursuits, stipulated in the econd article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaof the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, two thousand dollars.

For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase

five hundred dollars.

For twelfth of twenty-five instalments in goods, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two hundred of October, eighteen hundred and in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred five hundred dollars.

For twelfth of twenty-five instalments for the support

of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two.

one thousand dollars. For twelfth of twenty-five instalments for the pay dred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars. two carpenters, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, one thousand two hundred dollars. For twelfth of twenty-five instalments for the support

of schools, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-two. two thousand dollars. For twelfth of twenty-five instalments for the purchase of provisions and tobacco, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred

and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

CREEKS. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the seventh of August, seventeen hundred and ninety, one thousand five hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the sixteenth of June, eighteen hundred

and two, three thousand dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the twen-

ty-fourth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron, steel, &c. for shops, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

two blacksmiths and assistants, stipulated in the thirtieth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, one thousand six hundred and eighty dollars. For iron, steel, &c., stipulated in the thirtieth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five hundred and forty dollars.

For permanent provision for the pay of a wheelwright, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, six hundred dollars.
For twenty-third of thirty-three instalments for educaon, stipulated in the thirteenth article of the treaty of

the fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty five, three thousand dollars. For interest on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-third of November, eighteen

hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars. For tenth of twenty instalments for education, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand

For interest on three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the twenty-third of November, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seventeen thousand five hundred dollars.

For tenth of twenty instalments for education, lated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousanddollars For blacksmith and assistant during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the fourteenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty three, eight hundred and forty dollars. For iron, steel, and coal, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of

the fourteeath of February, eighteen hundred and thirtythree, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For wagon-maker, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the four-teenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the eighth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars. For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the four-teenth of February, eighteen hundred and thirty-three,

one thousand dollars.

DELAWARES. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third of August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth of September, eighteen hundred dollars.

dred and nine, five hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fifth article

May twentieth, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, four hundred dollars.

TO THE CHIPPEWAS OF SAGANAW.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of third of August, seventsen hundred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, four thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of September, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the private article of the third of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-sixth of October, eighteen hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-sixth of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-sixth of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-nine, one thousand twenty-nine, one thousand dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, stipulated in the supplemental treaty of the twenty-nine, one t

For permanent provision for the purc base of salt, stipu

For permanent provision for the purc base of salt, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the seventh of June, eighteen hundred and three, one hundred dollars. For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron, steel, &c. for shop, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the third of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For interest on forty-six thousand and eighty dollars at five per centum, being the value of thirty-six sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, for education, stipulated in resolution of the Senate of the nineteenth of January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

FLORIDA INDIANS, OR SEMINOLES

FLORIDA INDIANS, OR SEMINOLES. FLORIDA INDIANS, OR SEMINOLES.

For the removal and subsistence of Seminoles now in Florida, two hundred thousand dollars. This amount having been heretofore appropriated and carried to the surplus fund under the act approved the thirty-first of August, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the

priations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the Government.

For tenth of fifteen instalments in goods, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, two thousand dollars.

For tenth of fifteen instalments in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of January, eighteen hundred and forty-five, three thousand dollars. For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand

five hundred dollars, at five per contum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the nineteenth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy-five dollars. KANZAS. For interest on two hundred thousand dollars at five

per centum, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the fourteenth of January, eighteen hundred and fortysix, ten thousand dollars. MIAMIES. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-third of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, twenty-five thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant,

stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred october, eighteen hundred and eighteen, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

For iron, steel, &c., stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For permanent provision for the purchase of one thousand required from and

sand pounds of tobacco, two thousand pounds of iron, and one thousand pounds of steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-third of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, seven hundred and seventy dollars. For permanent provision for pay of miller in lieu of gunsmith, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth of October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, and

the fifth article of the treaty of the twenty-fourth of October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, six hundred For permanent provision for the purchase of one hundred and sixty bushels of salt, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the sixth of October, eighteen hundred

and eighteen, three hundred and twenty dollars.

For education and support of poor during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the sixth article of the treaty of the twenty-third of October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, two thousand dollars.

For thirteenth of twenty instalments in money, stipulations.

For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For twelfth of twenty-five instalments in money, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of contract of the treaty of the fourth of the fourth article of the treaty of twenty-sighteen hundred and forty, two hundred and forty two hundred and forty two hundred and fifty dollars.

EEL RIVERS, (Miamies.)

of two smiths' shops, including the pay of two smiths, and furnishing iron and steel, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fourth of October, eighteen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article for permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article for permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article for permanent annuity. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the third of August, seventeen hundred and forty-two, two thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article
For twelfth of twenty-five instalments for the pay of of the treaty of the twenty-first of August; eighteen hunnd five, two hundred and fifty dollars For permanent annuity, stipulated in the third article of the treaty of the thirtieth of September, eighteen hun-

> MENOMONIES. For eighteenth of twenty instalments as annuity, sti-pulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twenty thou-For eighteenth of twenty instalments for two black-

smiths and assistants, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one thousand four hundred and forty For eighteenth of twenty instalments for iron, steel, &c. for shops, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, four hundred and ferty dollars.

For eighteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase

of provisions, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, three thousand dollars.

For eighteenth of twenty instalments for the purchase of two thousand pounds of tobacco, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, four hundred dollars.

For eighteenth of twenty instalments for farming utensils and cattle, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirtysix, five hundred dollars. For eighteenth of twenty instalments for thirty barrels of salt, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the third of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, one hundred and fifty dollars. For seventeenth of twenty instalments for the pay of

For second of fifteen instalments for pay of miller, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the eighteenth of October, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, six OMAHAS. For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of

the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty, seven hundred and twenty dollars. For iron, steel, &c. for shops, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty. two hundred and twenty dollars. For agricultural implements, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty,

five hundred dollars. OTTOES AND MISSOURIAS. For education, during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-first of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, five hundred dollars.

three, five hundred dollars.

For pay of farmer, during the pleasure of the Bresident, stipulated in the fifth article of the treaty of the twenty-first of September, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, during the pleasure of the treaty of the t the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the fifteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirsy, seven hundred and twenty dollars.

Seven hundred and twenty donars.

For iron, steel, &c., during the pleasure of the President, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the filteenth of July, eighteen hundred and thirty, two hundred and twenty dollars.

OTTOWAS.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth arti-ele of the treaty of the third of August, seventeen hun-dred and ninety-five, one thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity, stipulated in the second article of the treaty of the seventeenth of November, eighteen hundred and seven, eight hundred dollars. For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth arti-cle of the treaty of the seventeenth of September, eigh-

teen hundred and eighteen, one thousand five hundred For permanent annuity, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-ninth of August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, one thousand dollars.

OTTOWAS AND CHIPPEWAS. For nineteenth of twenty instalments, stipulated in the fourth article of the treaty of the twenty-eighth day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, thirty thousand

For interest to be paid as annuity, on two hundred thousand dollars at six per cent. per annum, stipulated in the resolution of the Senate of the twenty-seventh of May, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, twelve thousand dollars.

For education for twenty years, and during the pleasure of Congress, stipulated in the fourth article of the